ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES FOR NPO AUDITS & REVIEWS





Course Agenda

Benefits of ProfitCents Analytical Procedures for NPO

Building Analytical Procedures Into Your Processes

Using Analytical Procedures - NPO

Best Practices for Documentation

THE AUDIT PROCESS

Planning





Fieldwork & Substantive Procedures

Testing of Internal ControlsCollection of Evidence

Completion Procedures Final Analytical ReviewExit Conference



Where does ProfitCents fit in?



profitcents[®]

Benefits of Analytical Procedures











One of our most detailed reports

Helps comply with SSARS
No. 19, SAS Nos. 56, 59,
77, 103, 104-111, Audit documentation and
AICPA review guidelines

Used for audit and review documentation and analysis



Automates the task of developing and documenting expected values for your working papers



Can be downloaded into a portable Excel file

Key Facts



SAS Guideline	Definition	Where	How PC Helps
56	What method was used for analytical procedures	AP Report	Ration Analysis, Industry Comparisons, Non-Financial Info, Financial Data
	What is the acceptable difference between expected values and actual	AP Report; AP Worksheet	Threshold analysis (red flags)
	Non-financial data $ ightarrow$ financial (such as employees; Non-financial KPIs	AP Worksheet; Narrative; Industry Data with KPIs	Employee section; Industry Data provides KPIs for comparing non-financial metrics
59	Going concern (will the company stay in business	AP Worksheet; Narrative; Industry Data	Z-Score-likelihood of bankruptcy
103	Documents analytical procedures	Entire AP report and Worksheet	Report and Worksheet provide standardized audit documentation improving overall audit quality
104-111	Demonstrate understanding of the entity and its environment; Requires quality outside information	AP Worksheet; Narrative; Industry Data	Automated industry comparisons and statistical trends; Narrative report analyzes the business; Industry Data provides overview of the client's industry
	States responsibility for risk assessment	Risk Assessment Worksheet	Provides method of linking analytical procedures through to audit plan via risk assessment worksheet
	Describes the risk assessment procedures that auditors must perform	AP Worksheet; Scorecard	Provides variance analysis (period to period comparisons), industry comparisons, trend analysis and budget-to-actual
	Understand the entity and its environment		
	Develop expectations	AP Worksheet; Scorecard	Calculates the statistical trend and regression analysis, provides expected industry range (benchmarks)
115	Exit/management letter	Narrative and Industry Data	Provides "tips for improvement and narrative report



APPLICATIONS FOR:

THE PLANNING PHASE OF THE ENGAGEMENT & PRELIMINARY ANALYTICAL REVIEW



Integration of **Financials**

Use one of our integration methods to easily upload up to 5 periods of data

Integrates with a number of accounting platforms





(Ð	Current Period		Prior 1 🗢		Prior 2 📮
Period Duration:		Twelve Months 🔻	[Twelve Months 🔻	[Twelve Months 🔹
Period End Date:		12/31/2019		12/31/2018		12/31/2017
Description: OPERATING REVENUE (UNRESTRICTED) (Please enter all non-operational and unexpected gains/inflows in Other Inflows)		[Excel] integration [[Excel] integration [[Excel] integration [
Program Service Revenue: T	\triangleright	\$ 12,320,337		\$ 10,554,655	\$	10,050,861
Contributions: T	\triangleright	\$ 2,156,682		\$ 2,241,116	\$	945,670
Government Grants: T	\triangleright	\$ 76,500		\$ 36,652	\$	46,008
Investment Revenue: T	\triangleright	\$ 3,709,339		\$ -311,916	\$	462,883
Membership Dues: T	\triangleright	\$ 644,747		\$ 586,433	\$	476,515
Other Operating Revenue: T	\triangleright	\$ 258,180		\$ 3,536,488	\$	167,968
let Assets Released From Restrictions:		\$ 244,704		\$ 147,899	\$	118,867
Total Unrestricted Revenue: T		\$ 19,410,489		\$ 16,791,327	\$	12,268,772



Developing Expected Values

The current year data is NOT used in the calculation of the Expected Values so as not to bias the report

A sales growth driven model is used and is a primary driver of the expected values

ONLY the client's historical data is used to calculate the expected values; industry data, economic factors, etc., are not incorporated

Our expected values are calculated using a combination of trend and regression analysis to show what the current year should look like

NOTE: To change an EXPECTED value, click on the value.												
Export to Excel	Set Threshold Value											
Statement of Activities	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	Actual 12/31/2019	Expected 12/31/2019	% Diff	Note					
Program Service Revenue	\$7,882,607	\$10,050,861	\$10,554,655	\$12,320,337	\$11,134,018	11%	•					
Contributions	\$557,148	\$945,670	\$2,241,116	\$2,156,682	\$2,992,408	-28%	-					
Government Grants	\$74,150	\$46,008	\$36,652	\$76,500	\$27,296	180%	۳					

Algorithm: Adjusted Holt-Winters Exponential Smoothing Formula	Calculation
In this case, the Adjusted Holt-Winters algorithm predicted Program Service	
Revenue would move beyond an intuitive value where the predicted	
growth was more than 15% more than the prior periods growth . Therefore,	10,554,655 + 1.15 * (10,554,655 - 10,050,861)
we have smoothed the Expected Value for Program Service Revenue using	
a different method.	
Expected Value = Program Service Revenue _{12/31/2018} - 1.15 * (Program	Expected Value = 11,134,018
Contributions	
Contributions Algorithm: Adjusted Holt-Winters Exponential Smoothing Formula	Calculation
Service Revenue _{12/3/2018} - Program Service Revenue _{12/3/2017} Contributions Algorithm: Adjusted Holt-Winters Exponential Smoothing Formula a ₂ = Contributions _{12/3/2017}	<u>Calculation</u> a ₂ = 945,670
Contributions Algorithm: Adjusted Holt-Winters Exponential Smoothing Formula	
Contributions Algorithm: Adjusted Holt-Winters Exponential Smoothing Formula a ₂ = Contributions _{12/31/2017} t ₂ = Contributions _{12/31/2017} - Contributions _{12/31/2016}	a ₂ = 945,670
Contributions Algorithm: Adjusted Holt-Winters Exponential Smoothing Formula a2 = Contributions12/31/2017	a ₂ = 945,670 t ₂ = 945,670 - 557,148 = 388,522 f ₂ = 945,670 + (388,522 * 1.00) = 1,334,192
Contributions Algorithm: Adjusted Holt-Winters Exponential Smoothing Formula $a_2 = Contributions_{12/31/2017}$ $t_2 = Contributions_{12/31/2017} - Contributions_{12/31/2016}$ $f_2 = a_2 + (t_2 * tw)$	a ₂ = 945,670 t ₂ = 945,670 - 557,148 = 388,522

Expected Value = f₂

Expected Value = 2,992,408

Obtaining an understanding of the *Entity* and the *Environment* in which they operate

Real-time industry averages and trends

profitcents

INDUSTRY FINANCIAL DATA AND RATIOS

View Formula Key	Average by Year (Number of Financial Statements)									
Financial Metric	Last 12 Months (22)	2019 (23)	2018 (36)	Last 5 Years (257)	All Years (1749)					
Program Efficiency	0.72	0.72	0.69	0.72	0.70					
Operating Reliance	0.23	0.24	0.29	0.29	0.28					
Fundraising Efficiency	2.83	2.81	2.83	4.61	5.87					
Current Ratio	7.51	7.17	6.38	6.86	6.44					
Quick Ratio	4.37	4.24	8.54	6.04	5.77					
Inventory Days	8.09	7.87	10.71	11.70	19.23					
Receivable Days	22.21	21.53	33.88	24.39	26.32					

Obtaining an understanding of the *Entity* and the *Environment* in which they operate

Sector scorecard emphasizes changes in the company's financial position and its comparison to the industry

Narrative highlights key changes and relationships

Θ Sector Scorecard

inancial India	cator		Current Period	Sector Range	Distance from Sector
Current Rati = Total Cur	o rent Assets / Total Current L	abilities	25.17	4.50 to 7.84	+221.05%
barometer,	n: Generally, this metric me , but it is a good one. Watch merator) are collectible. The	for big decreases in	this number over time.	Make sure the accounts	
Quick Ratio = (Cash + T	otal Receivables) / Total Cur	rent Liabilities	3.78	1.30 to 4.90	0.00%
accounts in	n: This is another good indincluded in the numerator, the ted in the denominator (currented in t	ey should be collect	ible. Look at the length (of time the organization	has to pay the
Operating M	largin a Viold / Total Uprostricted B	ovonuo	87.85%	-1.00% to 4.00%	+2,096.25%
Explai N measi Sect prepa Sale Perio	bor: A51 - Art Museum Yearly revenue \$1 2 months against Savage Accountir Paul Savage	o ort s 0 Million to \$50 Millio the same 12 months	on from the previous year		look at. It rtant number in
	ne. 515 607 5565	Report S	ummary		
	Liquidity			74	
	Operating Yield Trends			87	
	Revenue			79	
	Borrowing			89	
	Assets			92	

Tools for Analytical Review

Trend Analysis

Ratio Analysis

Industry Comparative Data

Common Size Statements

⊖ Common Size Statements

What is Common Size?

	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	Industry* (67)
Statement of Activities					(01)
Program Service Revenue	72%	82%	63%	63%	16%
Contributions	5%	8%	13%	11%	50%
Government Grants	1%	0%	0%	0%	2%
Investment Revenue	16%	4%	-2%	19%	15%
Membership Dues	3%	4%	3%	3%	2%
Other Operating Revenue	1%	1%	21%	1%	9%
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	1%	1%	1%	1%	6%
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	1%	1%	1%	1%	6%
Total Unrestricted Revenue	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Program Service Expenses	0%	0%	0%	0%	44%
Payroll & Benefits	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Depreciation and Amortization	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Interest Expense	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Rent	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Utilities	0%	0%	0%	0%	
Gross Yield	100%	100%	100%	100%	56%

Charts and Graphs



Operating Margin = Operating Yield / Total Unrestricted Revenue

A very important number. In fact, over time, it is one of the more important barometers that we look at. It measures how many surplus cents the organization is generating for every dollar it sells. This is a very important number in preparing forecasts.

Tools for Analytical Review

Threshold Analysis

Report prepared for:	NPOCPE		
NOTE: To change an I	EXPECTED value, click on the value.		
Export to Excel	Set Threshold Value		_
	Use this form to highlight accounts th calculated expected value.	at differ from the	Expected 12/31/2019
Statement of Activities			
	Flag Expected Accounts that are	Either 🔻	
Program Service Revenue			\$11,134,018
Contributions	Greater / Less than actual by: OR	\$ 0	2,992,408
Government Grants	Greater / Less than actual by:	0%	\$27,296
Investment Revenue			51,418,925)
Membership Dues		OK Cancel	\$691,857
Other Operating Revenue	\$97,809 \$167,968	\$3,536,488 \$258,180	\$4,925,991

Statement of Activities	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	Actual 12/31/2019	Expected 12/31/2019	% Diff	Notes
Program Service Revenue	\$7,882,607	\$10,050,861	\$10 ,554,655	\$1 2,320,337	\$11,134,018	11%	F 1
Contributions	\$557,148	\$945,670	\$2,241,116	\$2,156,682	\$2,992,408	- 28 %	•
Government Grants	\$74,150	\$46,008	\$36,652	\$76,500	\$27,296	180 %	•
Investment Revenue	\$1,791,366	\$462,883	(\$311,916)	\$3,709,339	(\$1,418,925)	361 %	

⊖ Focus Area

Here is an interesting finding on the organization that might be worth evaluating: NOTE: To modify/delete an observation/focus area, click on the number to the left of the note.

1 Program Service Revenue (Unrestricted): Per management conversation, discussing threats to program service revenue.



TOOLS FOR ANALYTICAL REVIEW

Variance Analysis

Click for help on using comments													
								Actual			Expected		Expected
Statement of Activities (Total)	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	Variance (\$)	Variance (%)	12/31/2018	Variance (\$)	Variance (%)	12/31/2019	Variance (\$)	Variance (%)	12/31/2019	Variance (\$)	% Diff
Program Service Revenue	\$7,882,607	\$10,050,861	\$2,168,254	27.5%	\$10,554,655	\$503,794	5.0%	\$12,320,337	\$1,765,682	16.7%	\$11,134,018	(\$1,186,319)	10.7%
Contributions	\$557,148	\$945,670	\$388,522	69.7%	\$2,241,116	\$1,295,446	137.0%	\$2,156,682	(\$84,434)	-3.8%	\$2,992,408	\$835,726	-27.9%
Government Grants	\$74,150	\$46,008	(\$28,142)	-38.0%	\$36,652	(\$9,356)	-20.3%	\$76,500	\$39,848	108.7%	\$27,296	(\$49,204)	180.3%
Investment Revenue	\$1,791,366	\$462,883	(\$1,328,483)	-74.2%	(\$311,916)	(\$774,799)	-167.4%	\$3,709,339	\$4,021,255	-1289.2%	(\$1,418,925)	(\$5,128,264)	361.4%
Membership Dues	\$374,087	\$476,515	\$102,428	27.4%	\$586,433	\$109,918	23.1%	\$644,747	\$58,314	9.9%	\$691,857	\$47,110	-6.8%
Other Operating Revenue	\$97,809	\$167,968	\$70,159	71.7%	\$3,536,488	\$3,368,520	2005.5%	\$258,180	(\$3,278,308)	-92.7%	\$4,925,991	\$4,667,811	-94.8%
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	\$120,685	\$118,867	(\$1,818)	-1.5%	\$147,899	\$29,032	24.4%	\$244,704	\$96,805	65.5%	\$152,652	(\$92,052)	60.3%
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	\$120,685	\$118,867	(\$1,818)	-1.5%	\$147,899	\$29,032	24.4%	\$244,704	\$96,805	65.5%	\$152,652	(\$92,052)	60.3%
Total Unrestricted Revenue	\$10,897,852	\$12,268,772	\$1,370,920	12.6%	\$16,791,327	\$4,522,555	36.9%	\$19,410,489	\$2,619,162	15.6%	\$18,505,297	(\$905,192)	4.9%



TOOLS FOR ANALYTICAL REVIEW

Budget-to Actual Comparison

Click for help on using comments								
				Actual	Expected	Expected	Budget	Budget
Statement of Activities (Total)	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2019	% Diff	12/31/2019	Variance (\$)
Program Service Revenue	\$7,882,607	\$10,050,861	\$10,554,655	\$12,320,337	\$11,134,018	10.7%	\$12,000,000	(\$320,337)
Contributions	\$557,148	\$945,670	\$2,241,116	\$2,156,682	\$2,992,408	-27.9%	\$3,500,000	\$1,343,318
Government Grants	\$74,150	\$46,008	\$36,652	\$76,500	\$27,296	180.3%	\$21,000	(\$55,500)
Investment Revenue	\$1,791,366	\$462,883	(\$311,916)	\$3,709,339	(\$1,418,925)	361.4%	\$250,000	(\$3,459,339)
Membership Dues	\$374,087	\$476,515	\$586,433	\$644,747	\$691,857	-6.8%	\$700,000	\$55,253
Other Operating Revenue	\$97,809	\$167,968	\$3,536,488	\$258,180	\$4,925,991	-94.8%	\$5,000,000	\$4,741,820
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	\$120,685	\$118,867	\$147,899	\$244,704	\$152,652	60.3%	\$244,704	\$0
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	\$120,685	\$118,867	\$147,899	\$244,704	\$152,652	60.3%	\$244,704	\$0



APPLICATIONS FOR:

RISK ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES



Preliminary Analytics

Risk Assertions & Assessments

Audit Plan



Click for help on using comments										Material if account is greater than or equal to:
				Actual	Expected	Expected	Budget	Budget	Is the Line-item	20 🔻 % of Revenue
Statement of Activities (Total)	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2019	% Diff	12/31/2019	Variance (\$)	Material?	or 0 \$ dollars
Program Service Revenue	\$7,882,607	\$10,050,861	\$10,554,655	\$12,320,337	\$11,134,018	10.7%	\$12,000,000	(\$320,337)	Y	
Contributions	\$557,148	\$945,670	\$2,241,116	\$2,156,682	\$2,992,408	-27.9%	\$3,500,000	\$1,343,318	Ν	
Government Grants	\$74,150	\$46,008	\$36,652	\$76,500	\$27,296	180.3%	\$21,000	(\$55,500)	Ν	
Investment Revenue	\$1,791,366	\$462,883	(\$311,916)	\$3,709,339	(\$1,418,925)	361.4%	\$250,000	(\$3,459,339)	Y	
Membership Dues	\$374,087	\$476,515	\$586,433	\$644,747	\$691,857	-6.8%	\$700,000	\$55,253	Ν	
Other Operating Revenue	\$97,809	\$167,968	\$3,536,488	\$258,180	\$4,925,991	-94.8%	\$5,000,000	\$4,741,820	Ν	
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	\$120,685	\$118,867	\$147,899	\$244,704	\$152,652	60.3%	\$244,704	\$0	Ν	
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	\$120,685	\$118,867	\$147,899	\$244,704	\$152,652	60.3%	\$244,704	\$0	Ν	

			NP	OCPE	A51 - A	rt Museum	5								
							ASSER	RTIONS							Audit
		Existe	nce or	Comple	teness	Right	s and	Valuati	on and	Accura	cy and	Cut	off	Average	Approach
	Risk	Inherent	Control	Inherent	Control	Inherent	Control	Inherent	Control	Inherent	Control	Inherent	Control	Assertion	based upon
Financial Statements Risk Assessment Notes	Significance	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk	Risk
Program Service Revenue	None	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	None
Investment Revenue	None	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	None
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	None	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	None
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	None	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	None
Unrestricted Cash	None	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	None
Restricted Cash	None	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	None

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APPLICATIONS FOR:

FINAL ANALYTICAL REVIEW



Developing Management Letter Comments



⊖ Operating Yield Trends¹ ●●●●● 87 out of 100

A measure of whether the trends in profit are favorable for the organization.

The organization's revenues have increased this period, and so have its net gain dollars. This organization is clearly performing well in the Operating Yield area at this time. Additionally, it has been able to maintain its above-average operating margin from last period. This stable (and strong) operating margin -- along with the increase in revenues -- indicates that the organization is growing its operations at a good and measured pace. Managers have resisted the tendency to overspend as revenues are rising. This is an excellent result.

Whenever an organization has a good operating margin and increases revenues and net gains concurrently, most other aspects of its finances will fall into place; for example, this will typically cause the organization's cash position to improve over time, giving the organization a cushion if revenue growth slows in the future. In short, good work in this area, as this organization has achieved, generally leads to overall financial health for the organization.

Keep in mind that the operating margin is the operating yield percentage -- the cents of net gain extracted from each revenue dollar generated. This organization has maintained a strong operating margin over multiple periods, which is particularly good. Consistently operating with a surplus means that the organization is performing well both generally and relative to sector peers; this is depicted in the graph area of the report. The operating margin is the most important Statement of Activities ratio to manage because it indicates how effective the organization is at balancing its revenue dollars and its expenses.

ENHANCING THE EXIT CONFERENCE

Θ Sector Scorecard

Financial Indicator	Current Period	Sector Range	Distance from Sector
Current Ratio	25.17	4.50 to 7.84	+221.05%
= Total Current Assets / Total Current Liabilities			

Explanation: Generally, this metric measures the overall liquidity position of an organization. It is certainly not a perfect barometer, but it is a good one. Watch for big decreases in this number over time. Make sure the accounts listed in "current assets" (numerator) are collectible. The higher the ratio, the more liquid the organization is.

Quick Ratio

cents

= (Cash + Total Receivables) / Total Current Liabilities

Explanation: This is another good indicator of liquidity, although by itself, it is not a perfect one. If there are receivable accounts included in the numerator, they should be collectible. Look at the length of time the organization has to pay the amount listed in the denominator (current liabilities). The higher the number, the stronger the organization.

3.78

1.30 to 4.90

0.00%

Operating Margin	87.85%	-1.00% to 4.00%	+2,096.25%
= Operating Yield / Total Unrestricted Revenue			

Explanation: A very important number. In fact, over time, it is one of the more important barometers that we look at. It measures how many surplus cents the organization is generating for every dollar it sells. This is a very important number in preparing forecasts.

Analytical Procedures Worksheet

Focus Area Notes



Report prepared for: NPOCPE							
NOTE: To change an EXPECT	ED value, click on	the value.					
Export to Excel Set Th	reshold Value						
Statement of Activities	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	Actual 12/31/2019	Expected 12/31/2019	% Diff	Notes
Sutement of Activities							
Program Service Revenue	\$7,882,607	\$10,050,861	\$10,554,655	\$12,320,337	\$11,134,018	11%	F 1
Contributions	\$557,148	\$945,670	\$2,241,116	\$2,156,682	\$2,992,408	-28%	-
Government Grants	\$74,150	\$46,008	\$36,652	\$76,500	\$27,296	180%	-
Investment Revenue	\$1,791,366	\$462,883	(\$311,916)	\$3,709,339	(\$1,418,925)	361%	-
Membership Dues	\$374,087	\$476,515	\$586,433	\$644,747	\$691,857	-7%	-
Other Operating Revenue	\$97,809	\$167,968	\$3,536,488	\$258,180	\$4,925,991	-95%	-
Net Assets Released From Restrictions	\$120.685	\$118.867	\$147.899	\$244,704	\$152.652	60%	

Θ Focus Area

1

Here is an interesting finding on the organization that might be worth evaluating: NOTE: To modify/delete an observation/focus area, click on the number to the left of the note.

Program Service Revenue (Unrestricted): Per management conversation, discussing threats to program service revenue.

Expected Values Calculations

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⊖ Expected Values Calculations

How were the expected values in the Analytical Procedure Worksheet calculated?

SECTION 1: DESCRIBE THE ALGORITHMS USED TO CALCULATE EXPECTED VALUES

Each expected value found in this report is calculated using one of the following methods: Direct Calculation, Exponential Smoothing, or Adjusted Holt-Winters Exponential Smoothing. In this section, we will provide a general description and example for each of these algorithms to help the reader understand how the calculations work.

Expected Value by Direct Calculation

Calculated accounts do not need to be predicted separately, because their values are dictated by financial formulas (for example, Gross Yield = Total Unrestricted Revenue - Program Expenses). For these accounts, we simply determine the expected values for each account in the associated formula, and then compute the result of the formula.

Expected Value by Exponential Smoothing

Exponential smoothing is a forecasting method that relies on a weighted average of historical data values, with the more recent values carrying more weight. The following variables are used in this calculation:

SECTION 2: SHOW THE CALCULATIONS FOR EACH EXPECTED VALUE

Now that we have given a brief overview of the algorithms used to calculate expected values, we will show precisely how each value in this report has been calculated. Calculations may vary slightly due to rounding.

Program Service Revenue Algorithm: Adjusted Holt-Winters Exponential Smoothing

Calculation

 Formula
 G

 In this case, the Adjusted Holt-Winters algorithm predicted Program Service
 Revenue would move beyond an intuitive value where the predicted

 growth was more than 15% more than the prior periods growth . Therefore, we have smoothed the Expected Value for Program Service Revenue using a different method.
 1

Expected Value = Program Service Revenue_{12/31/2018} - 1.15 * (Program

Service Revenue_{12/31/2018} - Program Service Revenue_{12/31/2017}

10,554,655 + 1.15 * (10,554,655 - 10,050,861)

Expected Value = 11,134,018

Add New Loan

Additional Analytical Tools

- Loan Template
- Charts
- Financial Ratios

Loan Information Calculate Payment Calculate Term Name: New Loan Fixed Payment Loan Type: 360 Days Amortization Days: Balance: \$O Remaining Term (months): 60 Interest Rate: 8.00% First Payment Date: 1/1/2010 Monthly Payment: Ś NPOCPE To update the payment details of this loan, use 12/31/2016 12/31/2017 12/31/2018 12/31/2019 Sector Liquidity Ratios 16.89 19.72 12.55 25.17 6.17 Current Ratio Quick Ratio 4.55 5.23 2.46 3.78 3.10 **Operational Ratios** Program Efficiency 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.70 Revenue Composition 0.72 0.82 0.63 0.63 0.19 **Operating Reliance** 3.95 4.90 4.75 5.23 0.12 Fundraising Efficiency 0 0 0 0 7.50 Cash Reserve 1739.89 1950.08 1622.17 1478.47 182.00 **Operating Yield Ratios** 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 60.00% Gross Program Margin 81.69% 83.28% 86.78% 87.85% 1.50% Operating Margin Investment Yield 14.39% 3.00% -1.37% 12.13% 2.98 19.92 17.29 65.00 **Revenue Composition** 4.90 22.99 19.45 0 0 0 45.00 0 0 0 25.00 0.90 0.80 0.70 0.60 0.50 0.40 0.30 0.20 0.10 0.00 12/31/2016 12/31/2017 12/31/2018 12/31/2019 Sector

Narrative Analysis

tation

NPOCPE Report

Sector:	A51 - Art Museums
Sales Range:	Yearly revenue \$10 Million to \$50 Million
Periods:	12 months against the same 12 months from the previous year
Prepared by:	Savage Accounting
By:	Paul Savage
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Report Summary

Gross Program Margin = Gross Yield / Total Unrestricted Revenue



This number indicates the percentage of revenue that is left over after paying for program expenses. It is an important statistic that can be used in business planning because it indicates how many cents of gross program profit can be generated by future revenue and also what percentage of revenue the organization can use for other expenses such as administration and fundralsing.

THANK YOU!

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